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SHERBORNE RURAL DISTRICT COUNCIL



1971
ANNUAL REPORT OF THE MEDICAL OFFICER OF HEALTH
AND
CHIEF PUBLIC HEALTH INSPECTOR

Medical Officer of Health: ESTHER JACKSON, M.B. , CH.B. , D.P.H.

Public Health Inspector: J. E. T. BASTABLE

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SHERBORNE RURAL DISTRICT COUNCIL

PUBLIC HEALTH DEPARTMENT
Telephone: Sherborne 2401

COUNCIL OFFICES
GREENHILL
SHERBORNE, Dorset.

Telephone number of
MEDICAL OFFICER OF HEALTH
Sturminster Newton 651

GENERAL PURPOSES COMMITTEE
1971

Chairman: W. H. Batten, T.D., J.P.

Vice-Chairman: Lt.Col. J. D. Dalley

Mr. L. S. Boys	Mrs. E. M. Lane, S.R.N., S.C.M.
Mr. H. W. Buckland	Cmdr. B. S. Magee, R.N. (Rtd.)
Mr. P. Horsey	Mrs. P. C. Thornton-Wood
Mr. W. A. Jesty	Mr. W. V. Warry
Mrs. N. J. White	

STAFF - PUBLIC HEALTH DEPARTMENT

MEDICAL OFFICER OF HEALTH
(part time)

Ester Jackson, M.B., CH.B., D.P.H.

Clerk

Mrs. A. Smith

PUBLIC HEALTH INSPECTOR

J. E. T. Bastable, Certificate of
Royal Sanitary Institute & Sanitary
Inspector Joint Board as Public
Health Inspector, Certificate of
Royal Society of Health as Inspector
of Meat & Foods

The Public Health Inspector organises refuse disposal
and manages the sewage works; he also acts as Petroleum
Regulation Inspector and deals with drainage administration
under Building Regulations.

One technical assistant

Clerk/typist

Miss Willis

SHERBORNE RURAL DISTRICT COUNCIL

ANNUAL REPORT OF THE MEDICAL OFFICER OF HEALTH FOR THE YEAR 1971

GENERAL STATISTICS

Area in acres	41,481
Registrar General's Estimated Mid-Year Population	7,080
Number of dwellings	2,413
Rateable value (at 1st April 1971)	£161,419
Product of penny rate 1971/72	£629.83p

VITAL STATISTICS

			1971		1970	1969
			Male	Female	Total	Total
BIRTHS registered						
	Live Births	Total	55	34	89	106
		Legitimate	50	32	82	98
		Illegitimate	5	2	7	8
	Still Births	Total		nil		2
		Legitimate				2
DEATHS registered						
	Total		39	26	65	70
	Maternal deaths			nil		nil
	Deaths of infants under 1 year:					
		Total	2	0	2	1
		Legitimate	1	0	1	1
	Under 4 weeks of age -	Total	1	0	1	0
	Under 1 week of age -	Total	1	0	1	0

The succeeding table of figures shows the birth rates etc. for the Sherborne Rural area and the rates for England and Wales for comparison.

	Sherborne 1971	R.D. 1970	England & Wales 1971	1970
Live birth rate per 1,000 est. population ...	12.6	14.8	16.0	16.0
Area comparability factor	1.13	1.13	1.0	1.0
Local adjusted rate	14.2	16.7	16.0	16.0
Illegitimate live births as % of all live births	8	8	8	8
Stillbirth rate per 1,000 total live and stillbirths	-	19	12	13
Infant Mortality Rate per 1,000 live births	22	9	18	18
I.M.R. of legitimate infants	12	10	17	17
I.M.R. of illegitimate infants	143	-	24	26
Neonatal mortality rate (Deaths under 4 wks per 1,000 live born)	11	-	12	12
Early neonatal mortality rate (Deaths under 1 week per 1,000 live born)	11	-	10	11
Perinatal mortality rate (Stillbirths and deaths under 1 wk per 1,000 total live and still births	11	19	22	23
Deaths per 1,000 population	9.2	9.8	11.6	11.7
Area comparability factor	0.96	0.96	1.0	1.0
Local adjusted death rate	8.8	9.4	11.6	11.7

In calculating Birth and Death Rates area comparability factors are issued by the Registrar General to "correct" marked variations from average in the age and sex structure of the local population and to take into account any

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unusually high or low mortality due to the presence of residential institutions etc. The local crude rate multiplied by the area comparability factor produces a rate comparable with rates in other parts of the country.

CAUSES OF DEATH DURING THE YEAR

	1971			Total	
	Male	Female	Total	1970	1969
Tuberculosis - all forms			0	1	1
Other infective illnesses	0	1	1	0	1
Malignant Neoplasm					
Lung and bronchus	3	0	3	4	2
Breast	0	2	2	2	1
Uterus	-	1	1	0	1
Prostate	2	-	2	2	1
Stomach and intestines	4	0	4	7	3
Leukaemia	1	0	1	2	2
Other sites	3	1	4	3	5
Anaemia				0	0
Other endocrine etc. diseases					0
Other diseases of nervous system etc.	1	1	2	1	0
Ischaemic heart disease	10	9	19	13	16
Cerebrovascular disease	4	5	9	7	6
Other heart & circulatory system diseases	2	3	5	11	9
Influenza			0	1	0
Pneumonia	3	1	4	6	6
Bronchitis and emphysema	1	0	1	2	3
Other diseases of respiratory system	0	1	1	1	1
Ulcer and diseases of digestive system			0	2	3
Other diseases of liver and intestines			0	0	0
Diseases of kidneys and genito-urinary system	2	0	2	1	1
Congenital anomalies & other causes of perinatal mortality	1	0	1	-	-
Other defined and ill-defined diseases	1	0	1	-	-
Motor vehicle accidents	1	0	1	1	1
All other accidents	1	0	1	2	1
Suicide and self-inflicted injuries				1	0
	40	25	65	70	64

Figures for previous years are included for comparison. It is apparent that the list of numbers dying in the population of this area has little meaning unless compared with figures for the whole country; any seeming difference in trends and figures are artifacts due to the relatively small numbers of deaths in the area.

CONTROL OF COMMUNICABLE DISEASES

A. International quarantine regulations diseases

SMALLPOX

1971 marked the 175th anniversary of the first vaccination against smallpox. On May 14th 1796 Dr. Jenner, an English country doctor, carried out the first vaccination. Slowly the practice of vaccination against smallpox spread throughout the world and the widespread use of smallpox vaccine has resulted in major changes in smallpox patterns. However, as late as 1945 the majority of the world, including the United States was still considered endemic for smallpox. Our own country was one of the notable exceptions and our freedom from smallpox we merely "took for granted". During the past 26 years there have been both

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continuing reductions in the incidence of this killing disease and elimination of smallpox from large geographical areas. In 1945 smallpox was reported in 91 countries. In 1970 smallpox was reported from only 23 countries. Because there is no longer a great danger of contracting smallpox when travelling abroad, vaccination regulations have been relaxed in many countries and the Department of Health no longer advocates routine vaccination of children against smallpox.

Travellers to some parts of the world are still advised to be vaccinated against smallpox and the stamping of international certificates to validate the doctors signature is still carried out in your Public Health Department.

CHOLERA

In England where we have hygienic disposal of human excreta and an excellent water supply it is unlikely that we will experience a serious epidemic of cholera but the possibility of outbreaks must be taken seriously. "Holiday cholera" was in the news during 1971 in Southern Europe and North Africa and the Public Health Service arranged surveillance of returned holiday makers and alerted family doctors. Vaccination has little part to play in the control of cholera in many parts of the world. Anyone from England travelling in an endemic area may well be advised to be vaccinated against cholera for his own personal protection. However a valid certificate of vaccination against cholera held by someone returning to England serves no purpose to the community; the holder could be a symptomless excreter of cholera vibrios. The protection of the public is achieved by your concern for proper sewage disposal, a good water supply and a high standard of hygiene in all places where food is stored, prepared and eaten.

B. Diseases against which immunisation is offered in the United Kingdom

TUBERCULOSIS

B.C.G. vaccination is offered to those children during their second or third year at secondary school, who, on testing, are found to lack immunity. B.C.G. vaccination is also offered by the hospital service to such younger children who are known to have been in contact with tuberculosis.

No new case of tuberculosis was notified during the year.

DIPHTHERIA

Again no notification was received and it is many years since a case was notified in the district. Immunisation of young children and subsequent booster doses is undoubtedly responsible for this satisfactory freedom from infection.

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POLIOMYELITIS

No case has been notified for many years in this district. Again vaccination with oral poliomyelitis vaccine is responsible for the local freedom from this disease. Primary vaccination is given during the second half of the first year of life with a booster dose before school entry and another booster at 10 years old. For those children who are not taken to their family doctor at 10 or 11 years of age arrangements are made for the booster dose to be given in school during the 12th year of age.

WHOOPING COUGH

Two cases of this disease were notified during the year.

TETANUS

This disease is a severe and dangerous illness and active immunisation is offered to babies with a booster just before school entry and a further booster at 10 years old. As in the case of vaccination against poliomyelitis, a reminder is given to parents of school children who were not taken to their family doctor at 10 or 11 years of age.

MEASLES

Vaccination against measles sometimes produces a reaction comparable to a very mild and brief attack of measles. In 1968 one of the two strains of vaccine in use was withdrawn and for a time there was a shortage of vaccine so that the level of vaccination has fallen below that which would eradicate this unpleasant disease.

39 cases of measles were notified during 1971.

GERMAN MEASLES

In July 1970 the Department of Health recommended that vaccination against rubella (german measles) should be offered to all girls between their 11th and 14th birthdays but that initially priority should be given to older girls, i.e. those in their 14th year. Vaccination was carried out by family doctors helped by the school health service.

VACCINATION STATISTICS 1971

(The term vaccination is now used internationally for procedures which in this country we used to describe as vaccination and immunisation).

DISTRICT	POLIOMYELITIS		DIPHTHERIA		TETANUS		WHOOPING		SMALLPOX		MEASLES	RUBELLA
	ORAL						COUGH					
	P	R					P	R				
Sherborne R.D.C.	85	181	88	81	90	145	86	37	31	14	89	2
P = Primary course R = Reinforcing dose												

These figures are supplied by the County Medical Officer and refer to vaccinations of children.

It is not possible to compare these figures directly with those for previous years because in 1968 new schedules for the timing of injections etc. were introduced.

Vaccinations are now started at 6 months of age and it is no longer necessary to give a booster dose of anti-diphtheria, whooping cough and tetanus at 18-20 months.

C. Infections against which routine vaccination is not offered.

INFECTIVE JAUNDICE

No case was notified during the year.

FOOD POISONING AND DYSENTERY

The only case of food poisoning notified was in a person who had become ill while travelling abroad.

INFESTATIONS

Lice and nits have once again ceased to be a rarity among schoolchildren. This is probably a reflection of the fashion for longer, loose hair among women and men. Most of the infestations reported to the Health Authority were among school children; older patients usually go direct to their general medical practitioner for treatment.

PUBLIC HEALTH LABORATORY SERVICE

The Public Health Laboratory Service has continued to give excellent service. The Dorchester Laboratory, under the direction of Dr. G. H. Tee has dealt with nearly all the work from this area.

Brucellosis in humans is not a notifiable disease but public interest in the scheme for eradication of brucellosis from dairy cattle has increased awareness of the possibility of brucellosis infection in humans.

NATIONAL ASSISTANCE (AMENDMENT) ACT 1951

I am happy to be able to report that it has not been necessary to take any formal action under this Act by which the Magistrates can order the removal of an elderly person living in unsatisfactory circumstances and unable to care for himself but unwilling to be admitted to hospital when a bed is available. Some people were referred to the Medical Officer of Health by the Social Workers but we managed to persuade the old people to accept help.

SOCIAL SERVICES

On 1st April 1971 there were established in all the country's major Local Authorities, Social Service Departments based on the recommendations made in the Seeborn report.

In Dorset on 1st April the Welfare Services were transferred from the former Health and Welfare Dept. to the new Social Services Department. The Home Help and Meals-on-Wheels services and much of the welfare work among the elderly are no longer the responsibility of the staff of the County Health Department.

The R.D. Council's staff have always worked closely with the former welfare officers to give the best possible help to people living in the District. This co-operation has continued throughout the year while the new County Social Services Department has been establishing itself.

VOLUNTARY SERVICES

Acknowledgement must again be made to the excellent voluntary work carried out in the district.

The British Red Cross Society arranges transport for elderly people to be taken to the chiropody clinic organised by the B.R.C.S. and subsidised by the County Council. The clinic is held each Friday at the County Clinic building in Sherborne.

ANNUAL REPORT OF THE PUBLIC HEALTH INSPECTOR

NATURE OF THE DISTRICT AND PRINCIPAL INDUSTRIES AND TRADES

The nature of the district is rural in character, its main industry being agriculture. A large number of outworkers carry on glove making in their homes for factories situated outside the district. A large dairy, with a wide supply area, is situated within the district.

The district is becoming increasingly a dormitory area for persons working in Sherborne and Yeovil.

WATER SUPPLY

Public Supplies

Relevant Authority: The Wessex Water Board.

Dwellings & Population supplied from Public Mains

As far as known all houses have a supply direct to the house, none being supplied by standpipes.

Parish	<u>No. of houses in parish</u>	<u>No. of houses with public supply</u>	<u>Population supplied (estimated)</u>
Batcombe	28	11	33
Beerhackett	30	29	87
Bishops Caundle	121	121	363
Bradford Abbas	361	329	987
Castleton	73	53	159
Caundle Marsh	24	24	72
Chetnole	82	82	246
Clifton Maybank	25	19	57
Folke	117	117	351
Goathill	8	8	24
Haydon	19	19	57
Hermitage	39	39	117
Hilfield	25	16	48
Holnest	54	54	162
Holwell	113	104	312
Leigh	143	143	429
Leweston	7	2	270 (including boarding school)
Lillington	29	25	75
Longburton	136	134	402
Melbury Bubb	28	22	66
Nether Compton	95	91	273
North Wootton	16	16	48
Osborne	38	38	114
Over Compton	51	34	102
Poyntington	43	26	78
Purse Caundle	50	50	150
Ryme Intrinseca	45	45	135
Sandford Orcas	74	62	186
Stockwood	10	2	6
Thornford	225	225	675
Trent	118	118	354
Yetminster	314	314	942

cont./

WATER SUPPLY

Public Supplies (continued)

14 samples were submitted for bacteriological examination by this department and 49 by the Wessex Water Board. The quality and quantity of the water has been satisfactory. Fluoride is not added to the public water supply in this area. As far as can be ascertained none of the water is likely to be plumbo-solvent.

Results of physical and chemical analysis are as follows:

	<u>Batcombe</u>	<u>Lake, Thornford</u>
Colour	Nil	Nil
Turbidity	Nil	Nil
Odour	Nil	Nil
pH	7.4	7.3
Alkalinity (CaCO ₃)	224 p.p.m...	264 p.p.m.
Total Hardness (CaCO ₃)	234 p.p.m...	275 p.p.m.
Non-Cardonate Hardness (CaCO ₃)	10 p.p.m...	11 p.p.m.
Chloride (as Cl)	22 p.p.m...	40 p.p.m.
Ammonia, Free & Saline (as N) } Total	0.204 p.p.m.	0.021 p.p.m.
Ammonia, Albumoid " }		
Nitrates	1.0 p.p.m...	0.5 p.p.m.
Nitrites	Nil p.p.m...	0.0001 p.p.m.
Free Carbon Dioxide	17 p.p.m...	23 p.p.m.
Total Solids, Dried @ 180°C	310 p.p.m...	410 p.p.m.
Calcium	234 p.p.m...	274 p.p.m.
Iron	Nil p.p.m...	0.01 p.p.m.
Manganese	Nil p.p.m...	Nil p.p.m.
Copper	Nil p.p.m...	Nil p.p.m.
Zinc	Nil p.p.m...	Nil p.p.m.
Lead	Nil p.p.m...	Nil p.p.m.
Natural Fluoride	Nil p.p.m...	0.2 p.p.m

Private Supplies

Apart from individual well supplies there are the following communal supplies:-

Home of St. Francis, Batcombe
Harris Farm, Batcombe
Dyers Farm, Batcombe
Melbury Bubb
Woolcombe
Strangways Estate, Stockwood
Wyke, Castleton
Tollbridge Farm, Bradford Abbas
Manor Farm, Bradford Abbas
Blackmarsh Farm, Castleton
Pinford Farm, Castleton
Clifton Maybank House
Hilfield
Buckshaw House, Holwell
Leweston & Lillington
Compton House, Over Compton
Stallen Farm, Nether Compton
Gonville & Caius College, Poyntington
Hillside Farm, Poyntington
Staffords Green, Sandford Orcas
Holway, Sandford Orcas
Coombe Farm, Castleton

As a result of informal approaches by this department ten properties

FACTORIES ACT 1961

Inspections

Premises (1)	Number (2)	Inspections (3)	Written notices (4)	Occupiers prosecuted (5)
(i) Factories in which Sections 1,2,3,4 & 6 are to be enforced by Local Authorities	6	1	-	-
(ii) Factories not included in (i) in which Section 7 is enforced by the Local Authority	28	8	-	-
(iii) Other Premises in which Section 7 is enforced by the Local Authority (excluding out-workers' premises)	4	4	1	-
Total	38	13	1	-

Cases in which DEFECTS were found

Particulars	Number of cases in which defects were found				Number of cases in which prosecutions were instituted
	Found	Remedied	Referred		
			To HM Inspector	By HM Inspector	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)
Want of cleanliness (S.1)	1	1	-	-	-
Overcrowding (S.2)	-	-	-	-	-
Unreasonable temperature (S.3)	-	-	-	-	-
Inadequate ventilation (S.4)	-	-	-	-	-
Ineffective drainage of floors (S.6)	-	-	-	-	-
Sanitary Conveniences (S.7)					
(a) Insufficient	1	1	-	1	-
(b) Unsuitable or defective	-	-	-	-	-
(c) Not separate for sexes	-	-	-	-	-
Other offences against the Act (not including offences relating to Outwork)	-	-	-	-	-
Total	2	2		1	

THE CLEAN AIR ACT, 1956

No action was called for apart from investigating a complaint concerning the smell of fumes from an oil fired central heating system to a private dwelling house.

RADIOACTIVE SUBSTANCES ACT

There are no premises registered under the above Act in the district.

ANIMAL BOARDING ESTABLISHMENTS ACT

No. of premises registered under the Act1

No. of inspections carried out2

The premises were found to be satisfactory.

SWIMMING BATHS

There are three open air swimming baths in the district, one being restricted to school pupils and the other two being used by the public if invited. All receive chlorination.

CONTROL OF MOVEABLE DWELLINGS

No. of licensed sites 9 for individual residential
caravans

No. of inspections carried out 15

VERMINOUS PREMISES

No action was called for apart from rodent infestations.

PUBLIC CONVENIENCES

There are no public conveniences in the district

PREVENTION OF DAMAGE BY PESTS ACT, 1949

The North Dorset Joint Rodent Committee of which the Sherborne Rural District Council is one of six constituent authorities, continued to carry out the provisions of the Prevention of damage by Pests Act 1949.

RAG FLOCK & OTHER FILLING MATERIALS ACT 1951

(a) No. of registered premises (if any) nil

(b) No. of licensed premises nil

PET ANIMALS ACT, 1951

No. of licensed premises 1

No. of inspections made 1

SANITATION OF SCHOOLS (INCLUDING SCHOOL CANTEEN HYGIENE)

Those schools inspected were found to be of a satisfactory standard.

having unsatisfactory private supplies were connected to the public supply during the year. However, there are still some 169 properties on private supplies.

Due to an installation problem the Wessex Water Board were not able to provide a mains water supply to New Street, Batcombe, nor to the Council Houses at Stockwood. Both of these supplies being the subject of mains guarantees by this Council to the Board. It is hoped that the supplies will be available during the year 1972/73.

Samples

<u>Parish</u>	<u>Satisfactory</u>	<u>Unsatisfactory</u>
Batcombe	1	-
Bradford Abbas	10	-
Castleton	12	6
Clifton Maybank	6	-
Hilfield	-	1
Holwell	2	1
Lillington	1	-
Longburton	1	-
Nether Compton	2	-
Over Compton	1	-
Poyntington	4	-
Sandford Orcas	9	2
Stockwood	4	1

DRAINAGE & SEWERAGE

All parishes not on main drainage systems have established nuisances arising from the disposal of foul sullage drainage.

The schemes for Over and Nether Compton were completed during the year and property connections totalling 56 have been made.

The proposal to sewer Leigh, Chetnole and Beerhackett has received Ministry consent to invite tenders and providing these are satisfactory the scheme should now go ahead. The necessary works extension at Thornford as well as dealing with the increased flow from Yetminster will also treat sewage from Leigh and Chetnole and possibly sewage from Melbury Osmund in the Beaminster district.

Consultants have been retained to prepare a sewerage scheme for Osborne and Poyntington with a proposal to discharge the sewage to the Urban District Council works when these have been enlarged.

Dealing with parishes:

Yetminster. New dwellings have been connected to the sewer during the year increasing the load on Thornford works.

Ryme Intrinseca. The Council decided that the disposal works at Thornford should be enlarged sufficiently to take sewage from Leigh, Chetnole, Beerhackett and Ryme Intrinseca but not to proceed with sewerage Ryme Intrinseca at this stage.

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DRAINAGE & SEWERAGE (continued)

Beerhackett. Part of the parish will be sewered at the same time as the proposed sewer for Leigh and Chetnole.

Trent. The enlarged disposal works commenced taking sewage from Over and Nether Compton.

Bradford Abbas. Considering the works are theoretically overloaded samples of effluent taken by the Somerset River Authority and the County Council were on the whole satisfactory. Approximately 269 yards of sewer serving Wessex Drive has been adopted as public sewer during the year.

Alweston & Bishops Caundle. Both of these sewage works have functioned satisfactorily during the year, effluent samples taken by the Avon & Dorset River Authority and the Dorset County Council all being satisfactory.

Poyntington. Apart from settlement no treatment is given to the sewage coming into these works. When the proposed sewerage scheme for Poyntington and Osborne is put into being these works will be dispensed with for the purpose of receiving four sewage.

Cesspool Emptying Service.

The service has worked well during the year, some 358 properties taking advantage of it. No complaints were received concerning the disposal of the contents from the cesspools although no doubt the Contractor had difficulty in finding suitable sites.

PUBLIC CLEANSING

Collection & Disposal of House Refuse

The controlled tip at Osborne has functioned satisfactorily during the year, the absence of complaints concerning flies being no doubt due to the fact that during summer months in particular daily fly treatment of the refuse is carried out.

Salvage

Salvage to the value of £40.15 was sold during the year.

Roadside Sanitation

Litter bins on laybys are emptied by this Authority's staff and as far as reasonably possible the area of laybys kept clean.

RIVERS AND STREAMS POLLUTION

The procedure of notifying the appropriate River Authorities of all plans received showing new farm schemes likely to pollute ditches, streams and rivers, has been maintained. Complaints of pollution of ditches and streams have been dealt with as they arise.

OFFICES, SHOPS & RAILWAY PREMISES ACT, 1963

No. of inspectors appointed under the Act	1 part time
Estimated No. of premises subject to registration.	15
No. of premises registered	13
No. of premises inspected	11
No. of inspections carried out	18

HOUSING

Total No. of houses in the district 2541

Inspection of dwelling houses during the year

Total No. of dwelling houses inspected during the year 44
No. of inspections made 72
No. of informal notices served 6
No. of informal notices complied with 6
No. of Statutory notices complied with Nil
No. of houses reported under Section 16 of the
Housing Act, 1957 Nil
Action taken by the local authority in respect of such
houses:-

Closing Orders in lieu of Demolition Orders Nil
Demolition Orders Nil
Undertakings accepted for:-
(a) Closure Nil
(b) Reconditioning Nil
(c) Other Action Nil

No. of houses included in Clearance Areas during the year ... Nil

Housing Act, 1964. Section 13

No action.

Overcrowding

No case of statutory overcrowding was found

Houses let in Lodgings

There is no house known to be let in lodgings.

Housing Repairs & Rents Act, 1954

No application was received for a certificate of disrepair.

Housing Act, 1968

No. of applications for Qualification Certificates 15
No. of Qualification Certificates issued 11
No. of applications for Preliminary Qualification
Certificates 1
No. of Preliminary Qualification Certificates Issued ... 1

Improvement Grants

No. of applications received during the year:- 28
(a) Standard (b) Discretionary
No. granted 8 20
No. pending Nil Nil

New Houses

No. of new dwellings provided by private
enterprise during the year 32
No. of new dwellings provided by local
authority during the year Nil

HOUSING (continued)

Re-housing

No. of families housed during the year by
the local authority 20

Housing Applications

No. of persons who are applicants for a Council House
at the end of the year:

(a) resident within the district 74
(b) resident without the district 34

INSPECTION AND SUPERVISION OF FOOD SUPPLIES

1. Milk

The Milk & Dairies (General) Regulations, 1959

No. of 'dairies' in district subject to registration 1
No. of 'distributors' subject to registration 6

Samples

	<u>Failed</u>	<u>Passed</u>	<u>Total</u>
Untreated	1		
Pasteurised	3	245	249

Milk Supplies - Brucella Abortion, Ring Test

(a) No. of samples of raw milk examined 26
(b) No. of positive samples found 1
(c) Action taken in respect of positive samples:-

Follow-up samples were negative.

Regulations 19-20

No action was called for or taken during the year.

2. Other Food Premises

(a) Food Hygiene Regulations, 1970

Details of food premises subject to the above, grouped in categories
of trade carried on in them and including the following information
for each category separately:

	<u>No. of Premises</u>	<u>No. of Premises Fitted to comply with Reg. 18</u>	<u>No. of Premises to which Reg. 21 applies</u>	<u>No. of Premises fitted to comply with Reg. 21</u>
Hotels	1	1	1	1
Cafes	4	4	4	4
Public Houses	16	16	16	16
Clubs	4	4	4	4
Church Halls	14	14	14	14
Canteens (Schools)	9	9	9	9
Confectioners	6	6	6	6
Meat & Fish	1	1	1	1
Grocers	2	2	2	2
Mixed Stores	20	20	20	20
Boarding Schools	2	2	2	2
Food Factories	3	3	3	3
Others	2	2	2	2

No. of such premises inspected during the year 63
No. of inspections carried out 165

INSPECTION & SUPERVISION OF FOOD SUPPLIES (continued)

(b) Premises subject to registration under Section 16 of The Food & Drugs Act, 1955

- (i) Ice Cream 29
(ii) Sausages & Prepared Meats 1
(iii) Fish & Chips Nil
No. of samples of ice cream submitted for Methylene Blue Test:

Sampling was carried out by the Dorset County Council.

(c) The method in use for disposal of condemned food:

Burial at refuse tip.

(d) Ice Cream (Heat Treatment etc.) Regulations, 1947-52:

No observations.

(e) Food Hygiene Regulations 1970 - Exemption Certificates

No exemptions were applied for. Generally premises were found to be satisfactory.

(f) Byelaws in respect of Handling & Wrapping Food etc.

Bye-laws are operative in the district.

Slaughterhouses

- No. of licensed slaughterhouses 1
No. of licensed knackers' yards Nil

Meat Inspection

(a) At slaughterhouses all carcasses were inspected.

CARCASSES & OFFAL INSPECTED AND CONDEMNED IN WHOLE OR IN PART

	Cattle excluding cows	Cows	Calves	Sheep & Lambs	Pigs
Number killed	75		5	203	232
Number Inspected	75		5	203	232
<u>All Diseases except Tuberculosis & Cysticerci</u> Whole carcasses condemned				1	1
Carcasses of which some part or organ was condemned	7		1	25	44
Percentage of the number inspected affected with disease other than tuberculosis and cysticerci	9.33%		20%	12.8%	19.4%

There was no carcass affected with tuberculosis or cysticercosis

(b) At Butchers and other shops - Nil.

Other Food Condemnations

- Meat and Meat Products 52 lbs.
Fruit and Vegetables 12 lbs.
Fish 8 lbs.

POULTRY INSPECTION

- (a) No. of poultry processing premises within the district .. 1 (see below)
- (b) No. of visits to these premises 1
- (c) Total No. of birds processed during the year Approx 1,300

The poultry are slaughtered humanely by dislocation of the neck. Dressing of carcasses takes place outside this Authority's area.

DISEASES OF ANIMALS (WASTE FOOD) ORDER, 1957

Duties under the above Order have not been delegated to this Council.

THE LIQUID EGG (PASTEURISATION) REGULATIONS, 1963

There are no egg pasteurisation plants in the district.

SUMMARY OF INSPECTIONS (INCLUDING HOUSING) CARRIED OUT

Total No. of inspections (under all headings)	1,555
Total No. of informal notices served	34
Total No. of informal notices complied with	25
Total No. of Statutory Notices served	Nil
Total No. of Statutory Notices complied with	Nil
No. of prosecutions	Nil

